

COMMENTARII

VOL. II

N. 21

A. TONOLO, L. CARTA DE ANGELIS, E. ZURITA

PRODUCTION OF L-ASPARAGINASE BY A STRAIN OF ASPERGILLUS TERREUS



PRODUCTION OF L-ASPARAGINASE BY A STRAIN OF ASPERGILLUS TERREUS

A. TONOLO, L. CARTA DE ANGELIS, E. ZURITA

Symmariym — Nunc primum describitur asparaginasis ab Aspergillo terreo producta, quae maximam ostendit vim contra tumores in muris lymphosarcomate.

It is well established that L-asparaginase (L-asparagine-amidohydrolase EC 3.5.1.1.) is the responsible of the anti-tumoral activity of the guinea pig serum [1].

The same effect was shown by asparaginase isolated from Escherichia coli [2] while the enzymes isolated from some other bacteria [2] [3] or yeasts [3] have no tumour inhibitory activity.

We have now found, at the Istituto Superiore di Sanità (*) a strain of Aspergillus terreus which produces a L-asparaginase showing antitumoral activity.

The strain was cultivated in submerged culture in a nutrient broth (Peptone 5%, Beef extract 1%, Mannite 5%, distilled water, pH 7) for 48 hours at 24°C. The cells were harvested by filtration, washed with distilled water and rup-

Paper presented on April 18th, 1969 by Pontifical Academician H.E. Giovanni Battista Marini-Bettolo.

^(*) Dept. of Biochemistry - Istituto Superiore di Sanità, Roma (Italia).

tered with a X press (AB BIOX - Nacka, Sweden). The enzyme was extracted with 0.02 M phosphate buffer pH 8 according to the procedure described by Roberts et al. [3]. A partially purified extract was obtained after passing the crude preparation through a column of Sephadex gel G-50. This extract has an activity of 1500 Units /gr/ dry weight.

L-asparaginase assays were performed as described by Broome [4], and protein by the Folin method [5].

This enzime showed a strong inhibitory effect of ascites Walker carcinosarcoma 256 in the rat and a low toxicity.

This is the first time that a L-asparaginase with antitumor activity is reported in molds.

REFERENCES

- [1] BROOME J.D., « Nature », 191, 1114-1115, (1961).
- [2] Mashburn L. and J.C. Wriston, "Arch. Biochemistry and Biophysics", 105, 450, (1964).
- [3] ROBERTS J. et al., « Journal of Bacteriology », 95, 2117, (1968).
- [4] BROOME J.D., « Journal of the National Cancer Institute », 35, 967-974, (1965).
- [5] LOWRY D.H., « Journal Biological Chemistry », 93, 265-275, (1951).